

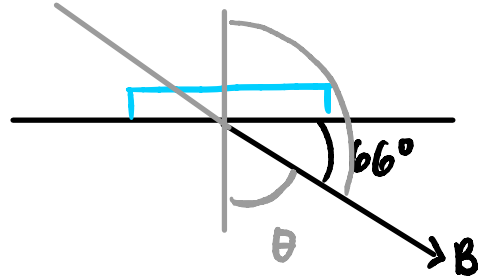
## Ch. 27 – 37

- 37.** (II) A circular coil 18.0 cm in diameter and containing twelve loops lies flat on the ground. The Earth's magnetic field at this location has magnitude  $5.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$  and points into the Earth at an angle of  $66.0^\circ$  below a line pointing due north. If a 7.10-A clockwise current passes through the coil, determine (a) the torque on the coil, and (b) which edge of the coil rises up, north, east, south, or west.

# Ch. 27 - 37



$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B} = Iab \times \vec{B}$$



$$A = \pi r^2 = \pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2$$

$$(\theta + 66^\circ) = 90^\circ$$

$$\theta = 24^\circ$$

a)

$$\begin{aligned} \tau &= N I A \cdot B \sin \theta = 12 (7.10 \text{ A}) \left[ \left( \frac{0.180 \text{ m}}{2} \right)^2 \pi \right] (5.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}) \sin (24^\circ) \\ &= 4.85 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m} \cdot \text{N} \end{aligned}$$

b.

