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66. Four long straight parallel wires located at the corners of a square of side d carry equal currents I_0 perpendicular to the page as shown in Fig. 28–59. Determine the magnitude and direction of \vec{B} at the center C of the square.

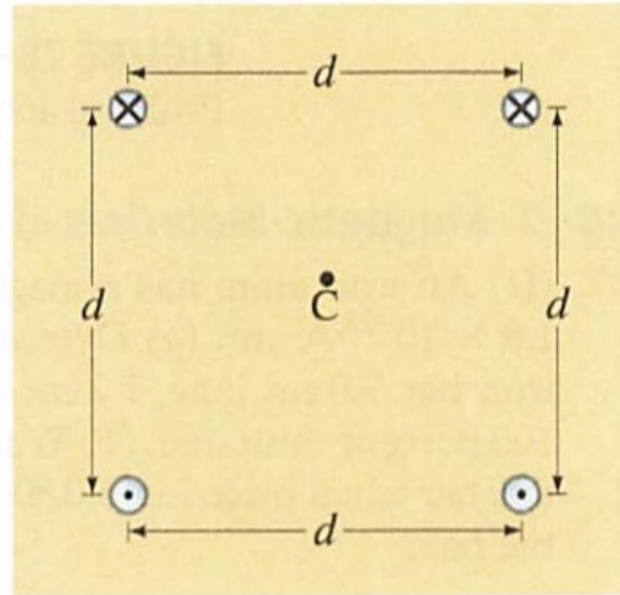
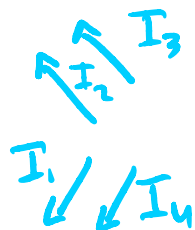
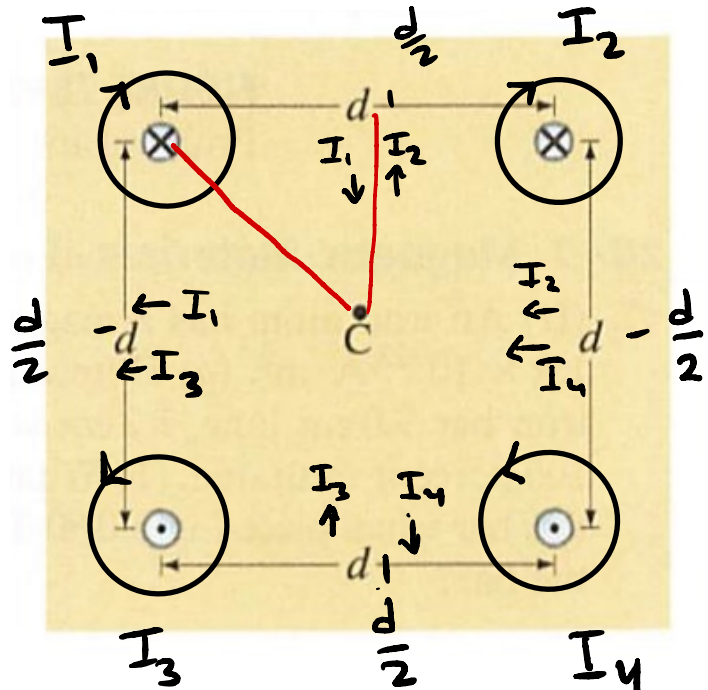


FIGURE 28–59
Problem 66.

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x-component

$$\vec{B}_1 = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \cos(45^\circ) (-\hat{i}) + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \sin(45^\circ) (-\hat{j})$$

$$\vec{B}_r = 4 \vec{B}_1 - \hat{i}$$

$$= -4 \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \cos(45^\circ) \hat{i}$$

$$= \frac{4 \mu_0 I}{2\pi \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} d\right)} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{-2 \mu_0 I}{\pi d} \hat{i}$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{-2 \mu_0 I}{\pi d} \hat{i}$$



$$\cos(45^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{4} + \frac{d^2}{4}} = r$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2d^2}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} d = r$$