

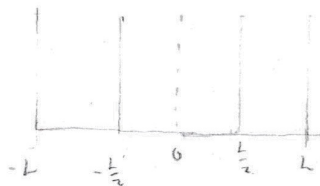
QM-4

January 2018

1D particle in infinite well

Instant expansion.

mass m .



a. Find eigenfunctions & eigenstates in initial configuration

Move it from 0 to L



$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \psi = E \psi \rightarrow \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \psi = -\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} E \psi$$

$$\psi = A \cos(kx) + B \sin(kx)$$

$$\psi = B \sin(kx)$$

$$\psi = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right)$$

Eigenvalues: $E = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m L^2}$

Shift it back

$$\psi_n = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{n\pi}{L}\left(x + \frac{L}{2}\right)\right]$$

energy remains the same:

$$E_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m L^2}$$

Ground state:

$$\psi_0 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{\pi}{L}\left(x + \frac{L}{2}\right)\right]$$

$$E_0 = \frac{\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m L^2}$$

First excited state:

$$\psi_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{2\pi}{L}\left(x + \frac{L}{2}\right)\right]$$

$$E_1 = \frac{4\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m L^2}$$

$$\langle \psi | \psi \rangle = B^2 \int_0^L \psi^* \psi dx = 1$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$A \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{1}{B^2} = \int_0^L \sin^2(kx) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{B^2} = \frac{L}{2} \quad B = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}}$$

$$\sin(Lk) = 0$$

$$Lk = n\pi$$

$$k = \frac{n\pi}{L}$$

$$\frac{n\pi}{L} = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$\frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{L^2} = 2mE$$

$\sin(kx + \pi)$ is a $-\sin$ I think

$$\psi_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{L}x\right)$$

b. Find eigenvalues and functions after expansion.

$$L \rightarrow 2L$$

$$\psi = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}}$$

$$\psi' = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2L}x\right)$$

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$2KL = n\pi$$

$$K = \frac{n\pi}{2L}$$

$$\frac{\hbar^2 n^2 \pi^2}{4L^2} = 2mE$$

$$E' = \frac{\hbar^2 n^2 \pi^2}{8mL^2}$$

shift back:

$$\psi' = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{n\pi}{2L}(x+L)\right]$$

Ground state.

$$\psi'_0 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2L}(x+L)\right)$$

$$E'_0 = \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{8mL^2}$$

Excited state.

$$\psi'_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{\pi}{L}(x+L)\right]$$

$$E'_1 = \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{2mL^2}$$

c. Find probability it ends in E'_1 if originally in E_0 .

$$P = |\langle \psi'_1 | \psi_0 \rangle|^2$$

$$P = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{L}x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{L}x + \pi\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{L} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{L}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{L}x\right) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{L} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{L}x\right) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 0$$